MEN'S SUITS.

We offer this week at EIGHT DOL-LARS (not at \$8.99, or \$9.99, or \$10.99, but at even \$8), a strictly all-wool suit worth every cent of the money. A great and honest bargain. Come and see before you buy elsewhere.

\$10, \$12 and \$15 Suits. Elegant lines that can not be equaled at corresponding prices in Indiana. Ask to see them.

Children's Suits and Overcoats Enormous lines for boys from 4 to 14 at the lowest prices.

MANY MONEY-SAVERS in our Hat Department. A big drive is our non-breakable Stiff Hat at only \$2.50.

5 and 7 West Wash. St. 16 South Meridian St.

Colder, fair weather.

FOR TUESDAY ONLY.

Will place on sale 40 dozen extra heavy Scotch Wool-mixed Undershirts and Drawers. Regular price, 50c a garment, or \$1 a suit. Our price Tuesday

33c

a garment.

65c

And everything in Surgical Instruments and Appliances. WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO.'S Surgical Instrument House, 92 South Illinois st.

KNOCKED THE GUARD SENSELESS.

Daring Escape of Seven Prisoners from the

Kansas City Jail-Five Recaptured.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 9 .- Seven des-

perate negroes made a daring escape from

the county jail to-day. It is the custom of

the prison officials to make the prisoners, at

9 o'clock every morning, empty their slop

buckets. The prisoners are let out for this

purpose, three cells full at a time. Jailer

Andy O'Hara was the guard delegated to

that duty this morning. He had opened

two cells and had marched the prisoners to

the third and opened it, when Green Reed

struck him on the head with his heavy iron

bucket, knocking him senseless. Peter

Jackson snatched his revolver, whild Ed-

ward Pendleton seized the keys. Then the

seven prisoners, with a yell of joy, ran to

the door of the corridor, opened it with

the stolen keys, fled through the corridor to the street and were free. Jackson, who

had secured the guard's revolver, stopped

at the corridor door and fired two parting

shots at the insensible guard, neither of which, however, took effect. The prison-

which, however, took effect. The prisoners were all negroes. They were: Green Reed, sentenced to ten years for wife murder; Peter Jackson, sentenced to two years for highway robbery; Edward Patterson, awaiting trial, charged with "holding up" jeweler Wright in his store and stealing from him a tray of diamonds; Richard Pendleton, awaiting trial for highway robbery; Ed Moore, awaiting trial for highway robbery; John Franklin and Edward Judd, two boys, awaiting trial for burglary.

A general police alarm was sent out and

in two hours five of the escaped prisoners had been recaptured. Peter Jackson was

the only one retaken who offered any serious resistence. He was chased by two officers to the Missouri Pacific yards, where

he took refuge under a freight car. The officers called upon him to surrender. He

answered with two shots from his revolver,

neither of which took effect. He then de-

subdued until he had been nearly clubbed

to death. Green Reed, the murderer, and

Richard Pendeleton, the highwayman, are

still at large. O'Hara, the guard, was seriously injured by the blow on the head

BRAVE DEED OF A GIRL.

How a Sixteen-Year-Old Miss Dragged a Panther

to Death-A Desperate Struggle.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Nov. 9 .- A most re-

markable story of frontier bravery, the

heroine being Miss Pauline Collier, a young

lady sixteen years of age, comes from

Childress, a new town in the Panhandla

country, this State. Miss Collier is a pupil

in the Childress district school, and al-

though she lives ten miles from that town

she makes the trip back and forth each day

on a spirited Texan pony. One morning

last week she left- home at an early hour

and was riding leisurely along when she

espied an enormous catamount immediate-

ly in front of her, crouched in the short

prairie grass, ready for a fatal spring. With admirable presence of mind Miss Collier seized the lariathanging at her sad-

dle bow, and with great dexterity the ani-mal's neck was encircled with the deadly

coil. At a word from its mistress the pony

which Miss Collier was riding sprang away

at a gallop, dragging the savage but help-less monster to its death. Upon becoming satisfied that the animal's life was extinct,

the young lady undid the rope from the

pommel of her saddel, leaving the panther stretched upon the prairie behind her. Pro-

ceeding on her way to school she met John

Perry, in company with several cowboys, and related the story. They went to the spot where the dead panther lay and proceeded to denude it of its hide, which will

be made into a robe and presented to the

USURIOUS INTEREST.

A Farmer of Yell County, Arkansas, Gets a Mort-

gage Canceled on Which He Had Paid Nothing.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 9 .- The Arkansas

Supreme Court handed down an important

decision yesterday. Some time ago Hardy

M. Banks, a farmer of Yell county, nego-

tiated a loan of \$1,000 from the New England

Mortgage and Security Company, and the

Corbin Banking Company, of Boston. The

loan was made through broker Ocobock, of

Memphis. The sum of \$200 was taken out

of the principal for interest, and Banks was

paid only \$800. In return the farmer exe-

cuted notes, and gave the security com-

pany a mortgage on his farm to secure their

payment. The notes came due, but were

not satisfied, and proceedings for fore-closure were commenced in the Yell County

young lady. The panther weighed 210

with the iron bucket, but will recover.

nded himself with a rock, and was no

burglary.

UPHOLSTERY FELTS

ALL COLORS.

EMBROIDERED FLANNELS

WHITE, CREAM AND BLACK.

Full stock in all departments. Lowest prices always a certainty.

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO

Cleveland, Cincinnati, BIG 4

WHAT CAUSED IT. Various reasons have been assigned for the great falling off in the Republican vote at the late election. It is, however, surmised that a great many were busy getting ready to

Go the Southern Winter Resorts -VIA-

THE BIG 4 ROUTE,

And forgot to go to the polls.

Whether this is or is not true.

There is no doubt that the Big 4 is

To best and only line from Indianapolis entering
t a Grand Central Depot in Cincinnati, and the only
route by which passengers avoid an out-door trans-California, Texas, Florida, and other Winter Tourist For tickets and full information call at Big 4 offices
No. 1 East Washington street,
138 South Illinois street, Massachusetts avenue and Union Station, Indianapolis.

If you wish to ride over the smoothest road-bed on PULLMAN VESTIBULE TRAIN

- BETWEEN -

INDIANOPOLIS AND CINCINNAT

USE THE OLD RELIABLE

Close connection made at Cincinnati with trains of

all roads for the EAST and SOUTH. Remember we are the only line leaving Indianapo lis in the evening by which you can secure.

SLEEPING-CAR ACCOMMODATION - FOR -

TOLEDO and DETROIT

Beaching these places early following morning. Trains arrive and depart as follows: Depart-*3:55 am *6:40 am †10:45 am *3:05 pm Arrive-*12:35 am †9:15 am *11:15 am †7:25 pm *Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

CO-EDUCATION DERIDED.

H. J. BHEIN, General Agent.

How Three Female Pharmaceutical Students Are Persecuted in St. Louis.

Sr. Louis, Nov. 9 .- Three women who are students in the St. Louis College of Pharmacy have preferred charges with the faculty against the male juniors of the class. The trio, who are running the gauntlet of an unchivalrous hazing, is composed of Mrs. Marie D. Amour, whose husband is a graduate of the same college and a practicing draggist at No. 8025 North Broadway, Mrs. N. T. McClain and Miss Augusta A. Bock. The male students are indignant at an invasion of their profession by women. It is said that when any one of the three female juniors appears in the class-room at a time when the lecturer chances to be out she is greeted with derisive cat-calls, shouts of "hello, girls: ah, there, my female drug-gist," and various other humorous sallies not calculated to make her feel comfortably at home. When the women ask a question during the lecture, seeking a fuller understanding of some knotty point in pharmacy, their frank confession of ignorance is commented on by their one hundred classmates with withering sarcasm or drowned in a chorus of laughs and general feet shuffling. And when one of the ambitious young women rises to recite the chivalrous light brigade voices its unmistakable hostility to female competition by hissing throughout her recitation. The

of the persecution. Double Tragedy in a Texas Hotel. Corsicana, Tex., Nov. 9.—William G. Vallie killed his wife and committed suicide at the Mallory Hotel, in this city, last night. Vallie was a railway conductor. The couple had just retired for the night when three shots in rapid succession were heard. The hotel clerk rushed to the room, found the wife lying across the bed in a dying condition, and the husband dead with a smoking revolver in his hand. There is no cause known for the act, as nothing is known of their history. The wife was from Kopperl, Tex., and before marriage to Vallie, which occurred a year

faculty assert that they had no knowledge

ago, was Miss Laura Lewis. Trainmen with Grievances.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Nov. 9 .- The grievance committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, firemen, trainmen, switchmen and Order of Railway Conductors, of the Penusylvania lines west of Pittsburg, including both the Northwest and Southwest systems, left to-day for Pittsburg, where they will present a schedule of wages to General Manager Wood. They will also ask that other grievances against officials of certain divisions be investigated. The committee number about thir-

PAINS in the region of the kidneys are cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.

Their Condition Improved by Economic Legislation of a Republican Congress.

FARMERS GREATLY BENEFITED

Annual Report of Secretary Rusk, in Which the Work of His Department Is Reviewed and Several Recommendations Made.

Value of Agricultural Products Enhanced by the Silver-Coinage Law.

Encouraging Outlook for the Home Sugar Industry-Democratic Combinations for the House Speakership-Cabinet Rumor.

SECRETARY RUSK'S REPORT. Operations of the Agricultural Department

-Improved Condition of Farmers. WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 .- The Secretary of Agriculture has presented his annual report to the President. By comparing prices at Chicago for Oct. 16, 1890, and Oct. 16, 1889, he shows a marked increase in the values of agricultural products, especially of cereals. A tabular statement of agricultural imports of the last fiscal year, including live animals, barley, hay, potatoes, hops, cheese, eggs, flax, wool, tobacco, wines, etc., the old and new tariff rates being given for each, indicates a material increase in the import duties on these articles, and shows each to have been imported in considerable quantities. The Secretary asserts that without ignoring the effects of natural causes in enhancing values it is evident that the economic legislation of the last session of Congress has directly benefited the farmers, the improved value of cereals, as he be-lieves, being largely due to the silver legislation, which, moreover, has lessened the influence of Russia and India, our wheat competitors in British markets.

Our increased export trade in cattle and animal products, another cause of congratulation, he traces to the energetic and effective measures adopted for the eradication of pleuro-pneumonia, and to the growing appreciation at home and abroad of the department's ability to suppress or effectually control contagious animal diseases. He declares that not a single case of contagious pleuro-pneumonia has been alleged to exist among American cattle shipped to British ports since March last. In the line of further precaution, the department is now prepared to carry out the inspection of export cattle before shipment, provided for by the act of Aug. 30. Similar energy has been directed to our pork interests, the department having alpork interests, the department having already undertaken the inspection called for by the same act. The Secretary strongly recommends an inspection law still more comprehensive, of all animals slaughtered for interstate or foreign trade. The present immunity of northern cattle from Texas fever he believes to be due to a general compliance with the regulations of the department issued last spring, assurances to this effect having been received from large dealers in cattle, who report a consequent facilitation of this business, and a saving effected by reduced insurance rates, which, for the seaduced insurance rates, which, for the season, will aggregate over a million dollars.

The outlook for a home sugar industry is considered favorable. A good article of sugar is shown to have been produced profitably from sorghum, varieties of which, with large sugar contents, have been developed through the efforts of the Department of Agriculture. Analysis by the department chemist of beets grown in various States from seed distributed last spring indicate a high per cent, of sugar, and affords what is regarded as and affords what is regarded as conclusive proof that large sections of country are adapted to the suc-cessful culture of the sugar beet. Practical results obtained in Nebraska and Kansas, he says, demonstrates the feasibility of home-grown sugar being cheaply manufactured. The Secretary announces the establishment of three national sugar experiment stations, devoted

INCONSISTENT LEGISLATION. In the provisions of the tariff bill Secretary Rusk finds what he regards as some glaring inconsistencies in that it gives entire control of sugar manufacturing and bounty payments to a subordinate officer of the Treasury Department, in spite of the fact that heretofore the Department of Agriculture has been charged with the gen eral supervision of the sugar industry, both in its cultural and manufacturing phases. It makes it the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, furthermore, to furnish regulations as to the importation of animals, the inspection of which devolves upon officers of the Department of Agriculture, and to decide upon questions involving familiarity with the subject of animal diseases at home and abroad; whereas the Secretary of Agriculture is the only officer required by law to be informed as to the existence of animal diseases in foreign countries, and as to the possibility or probability of such disease being communicated to our domestic

one each to cane, sorghum and beet sugar.

In the Bureau of Animal Industry arrange-ments have been perfected for a dairy division, the establishment of which has been delayed somewhat by the lack of necessary legislation. Co-operation with the experiment stations has been undertaken on important lines, including experiments with grasses in the arid regions and the trial of new economic plants; the collection of agricultural statistics, of reports of the growing crops and of the probable supply of staple products in the markets of the

The production of raw silk as an indigeneous industry is referred to in not very encouraging terms, though its importance is emphasized by reference to the imports for raw silk, which have largely increased during the year and are valued for the year at upwards of \$24,000,000, but the necessity for favorable legislation, as well as for improvements in machinery, is insisted upon. Encouraging words are spoken with reference to flax culture. Secretary Rusk believes that the recent changes in the tariff on linens will serve to encourage manufacturers to provide a market for homegrown flax.

Irrigation and the artesian supply of water are made the subject of special reference, a report of the commission acting under the orders of the department having been presented at the last session of Congress, and a provision having been made to continue this work during the current fiscal year. The Secretary lays special stress upon the necessity for a frequent and wide publication of the results of their work. He says that when practical results have been obtained to withhold the means of promptly making them public seems to reach the heights of unwisdom.

Reference is made to the forthcoming transfer of the Weather Bureau to the Department of Agriculture with a declaration of the Secretary's desire to widen the pres ent scope of the bureau, so as to increase its benefits to agriculture. He also insists strongly upon the necessity for more frequent representation of the department at meetings of agricultural and kindred so-

The possibility of serving the corn-growers throughout the country by extending the market for Indian corn in foreign countries has engaged the Secretary's attention, with the result that he has appointed a special agent abroad, having special qualifications for this duty, to investigate and report upon the possibilities of promoting the consumption of In-

in the condition of our agriculturists and promise well for their future well-being." He ends by declaring that he looks forward with confidence "to the time when, in the high quality of its work, as well as in the magnitude of its enterprise, the agriculture of the United States shall not only lead other industries in this country, but shall be the leader in this great industry of all other countries."

THE SPEAKERSHIP SQUABBLE. Combinations that Have for the Basis the

Presidential Nomination in 1892. United Press Dispatch. WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 .- With the return of members of Congress to the city the contest for the speakership of he next House begins to assume local interest and importance. The fight for the position will be warm during the coming winter, and will undoubtedly have its effect even on the deliberations of the present House of Representatives. The most interesting phase of the discussion of the subject at this time is the question of its relation to the contest for the Democratic nomination for the presidency in 1892. One of the current bits of gossip is that an alliance may be formed between the East and the West in the between the East and the West in the speakership contest with a view to an arrangement for the presidential nomination. Prominent Democrats now in the city say that the Democratic strength of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Maryland, West Virginia, part of Pennsylvania and part of Virginia can be thrown for a Western candidate for the speakership in exchange for Western votes for an Eastern candidate for the presidential nomination. Governor Abbett, of New Jersey, ex-Gov. Black, of Pennsylvania, Senator Barbour, of Virginia, and Senator Gorman, of Maryland, are counted as favorable to such an alliance. In this combination, the candidates for the presidency most spoken of are Whitney and Hill, while it is current gossip that the friends of Cleveland and Pattison in the East may form an alliance for the election of a Southern candidate for Speaker in exchange for Southern votes in

Cabinet News from the South. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 9.—The Times will publish to-morrow morning that Hon. Clay Evans, the present Congressman from

Speaker in exchange for Southern votes in

the Democratic national convention.

this district and defeated by the Demo-cratic nominee last Tuesday, will be a mem-ber of President Harrison's Cabinet, suc-ceeding Secretary of the Navy Tracy, who will be tendered the seat on the bench of the United States Supreme Court, made vacant by the death of Justic Miller.

VANITY CAUSED HER DEATH.

A Girl Dies on the Surgeon's Table While Having a Mole Removed from Her Face.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CHICAGO, Nov. 9.-Friday afternoon the death of Marion C., daughter of Darlington T. Jones, of No. 6941 Yale street, Englewood, Ill., occurred at the Presbyterian Hospital while undergoing a surgical operation for the removal of a small mole on her right cheek. The case is an extremely pitiful one. Marion was a beautiful girl despite the fact that a small mole had made its appearance on her right cheek. It was this small defect which was primarily the cause of her death. Her parents were very anxious that their daughter should appear well in society, and the mole was a constant source of annoyance to them. Then, too. they feared that it might develop into something more serious. After considerable deliberation it was decided to have the blemish removed by a surgical operation. Friday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Jones selected the Presbyterian Hospital as the institution for the operation to be performed. It is said it was Dr. Charles Parkes, member of the surgical staff of the hospital, who plied the knife. Marion was placed on the operating table, and preparations were made by Dr. Parkes for administering the usual anæsthetic. A cloth was saturated with chloroform and applied to the girl's nostrils. So brave was she that she offered to hold the cloth in place while the surgeon was placing his instruments in position in readiness for the operation. Then, with her parents standing beside her, the young girl sank into a sleep, from which she was never to awake. The mole was soon removed, and restoratives applied in order to resuscitate the patient. The effort resulted only in a convulsion, which ended in death. When Dr. Parkes was forced to announce the sad fact Mr. and Mrs. Jones refused to believe it. But when they finally realized the truth their grief moved even the attendants, who are accustomed to such scenes, to tears. The funeral oc-curred to-day from the Jones residence, the remains being sent to Covington. O., for burial. Dr. Parkes, when seen, had little to say for publication, further than the girl was given chloroform in the usual manner. and instead of reviving she went into a convulsion and died.

WHAT ANARCHISTS SAY.

New Political Party to Rise Out of the Present Ferment-Lawler Denounced.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.-Ti is afternoon there was a large attendance at the meeting of the Socialists. At 2:30 the meeting was called to order by C. M. Hague, who presided. The proceedings began with a debate upon the question of economical distribution of wealth and labor. Thomas Morgan, ex-Alderman Connors and others took part in the discussion, and, upon its conclusion, the following resolution was offered by Mr. Morgan:

Resolved, That this Socialist meeting hereby expresses its satisfaction at the results of the recent election, in so far as it makes manifest the discontent of the great mass of the people with existing conditions; that in it we see no indorsement of the Democratic political ma-chine, which, like its Republican duplicate, exists for spoils only; that the political upheaval of the Farmers' Alliance, and kindred manifestations, are but the result of the progressive elements which have, for the last fifteen years, been gradually emancipated from the party allegiance made sacred by the memories of the great struggle for the preservation of the Union and the abolition of slavery. That in this political ferment we see the preliminary movements necessarily precedent to the organization of a new national party which will succeed, in the confidence of the people, the organization which now disgraces the name Republican; a party whose fundamental purpose will be to free the producers of all wealth from the slavery which capitally in proposed the slavery which capitalistic monopoly places upon workers irrespective of color; a party that will demand and secure for every child an education which will render it impossible for rascals in the guise of religion and nationality to delude and thereby rob the people of their intellectual freedom. And we sincerely hope that the change which must come will not involve this Nation in the bloodshed and destruction incident to the abolition of chattel slavery.

Resolved, That we rejoice over the defeat of the bogus labor man, Congressman Lawler, for

Ex-Alderman Connors also spoke vehemently against those whom he characterized as bogus labor reformers, and charged Frank Lawler with being guilty of double dealing and being the tool of corporations, and for this reason, continued the speaker, "the people killed him politically the other " Judge Pendergast came in for considerable adverse criticism from Mr. Morgan, and in conclusion the speaker said: "My knife has been put into him, and I am reliably informed privately that it made him wince." The resolutions were adopted, with but one dissenting vote.

Lacked Courage to Face Reverses. CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—The dead body of Adam Metz, an employe of the Ornamental Horn Company, was found in a room at No. 73 Jackson street early this morning. On a chair beside the bed upon which the body lay was a box of "Rough on Rats." [The declosure were commenced in the Yell County
Circuit Court. Banks lost the case, and
appealed to the Supreme Court. Yesterday
a decision was rendered against the security company. The court held that the interest charged was usurious, which fact terest charged was usurious, which fact farmer is ahead just \$800. Considerable interest is felt in the decision, 22 it is the first rendered since the passage of the act by the last Legislature fixing the rate of interest at not more than 10 per cent.

promoting the consumption of Interopean countries.

The Secretary declares that some means should be provided by which on occasions of great importance, such as the international congress at Vienna, last year, this country could be officially represented through this department.

In concluding his report he says: "A careful the passage of the act by the last Legislature fixing the rate of interest at not more than 10 per cent.

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In concluding his report he says: "A careful through this department.

In concluding his report he says: "A careful through the body lay was a box of "Rough on Rats." [The deceased was at one time a prosperous merchant in Denver, Col., and among his effects was found a bank-book showing that in October, 1889, he had deposited \$5,100 in the First National Bank of Denver. Since then fortune had not smiled so pleasantly appendicularial through the country of the agricultural through the country of the agricultural through the country of the past year, and a general survey of the agricultural through the country of the past year, and a general survey of the agricultural through the case, and the case of "Rough on Rats." [The decease dwas at one time a prosperous merchanter of the past year, and the case of the

the Ornamental Horn Company, but the loss of his money so preyed upon his mind that during a fit of despondency he concluded to put an end to his existence by taking the poison.

NEW AND CLEVER SWINDLE.

Pair of Sharpers Who Often Get Married and Pay the Minister in Bogus Money.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Nov. 9 .- A clever swindle was worked in this section last week. On Tuesday a dapper-looking, welldressed young man, evidently about twenty years of age, and a handsome, distinguished looking lady presented themselves at the town clerk's office, in Old Lyme, asking for

town clerk's office, in Old Lyme, asking for a marriage license. They gave their names as Andrew J. Hartwell and Lillian Summers. The license was granted, and then the couple called on a minister, who married them. Hartwell handed the minister a new \$20 bill, remarking that he would like to pay a fee of \$5. The minister returned the \$15 in change.

The same day the same couple went through the marriage form in Saybrook, Old Saybrook, Westbrook and Clinton, paying in each case a new \$20 bill and receiving \$15 in return. All of the ministers soon ascertained that the \$20 bills were excellent counterfeits, and each of them was out \$15. No trace of Hartwell and his much-married wife can be found. It is supposed they returned to New York that evening.

WERE BROTHER AND SISTER

Romantic and Pathetic Story from Kansas That Is Much Stranger than Fiction.

Two Waifs Separated When Babes Meet Years by the Wife Being Heir to a Fortune.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 9 .- A romance of unusual, unfortunate and pathetic detail was discovered to-day, when two detectives from Toronto discovered in Mr. and Mrs. Asa Barr, Kansas City, Kan., the relationship of brother and sister and the heirs to a fortune left by a relative of Mrs. Barr's deceased mother. Twenty-five years ago two waifs, mere babes, brother and sister, were abandoned by German immigrants at Castle Garden. They were legally adopted, one by a man named Asa Barr, the other by a Mrs. Evans. Mrs. Evans moved soon afterward to Philadelphia, where she brought up her adopted daughter, giving her all the comforts of a home and a good education. Twenty years later the boy, grewn to manhood, and having taken his adopted father's name, moved also to Philadelphia, where he followed the trade of a painter. Chance threw the brother and sister together. Barr was captivated with the girl, and woed, won and married her. Soon afterward they moved to Kansas City, Kan., where Barr

continued in his trade as a painter. Not long ago Mrs. Evans died, quickly following her death occurred that of a wealthy relative in London, Canada, who died incestate. His fortune would have passed to Mrs. Evans as the nearest relative, but her death having occurred, her adopted daughter became the heir. The attorneys sent detectives to trace the heiress, and, in their investigation of the case, discovered the true relationship of Mr. and Mrs. Barr to be that of brother and sister. They arrived here to-day and revealed to the couple the facts. The terrible knowledge prostrated Mrs. Barr, and her husband is grief-striken. No issue has resulted from their marriage. Legal proceedings will at once be instituted to sever the marriage bond, and Mrs. Barr will go to London, Canada, to claim her fortune.

SHE WANTED "GREEN GOODS."

A Kentucky Woman Who "Could Take Care Herself" and Came Near Being Duped.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.-Mrs. Angelina Elizabeth Conrad, of Brockville, Bracken county, Kentucky, and Walter Willard, alias "Big Walter," a noted swindler, whose picture is in the rogue's gallery, were arrested here yesterday by detectives, who followed them from Newark. The detectives had been shadowing Willard, and traced him to Newark, N. J., where he met Mrs. Conrad, introducing himself by a queer symbol on a telegraph blank, which each carried. At police headquarters Inspector Byrnes learned from Mrs. Conrad that she had come from Kentucky to buy \$3,000 worth of "green goods" from Willard, had met him in Newark by appointment, and was on her way to conclude the transaction when the detectives arrested her. Willard was locked up, and Mrs. Conrad was detained at headquarters to appear

Another dispatch says: Mrs. Angelia Elizabeth Conrad, of Kentucky allowed herself to be duped by the oily circulars of the "green-goods" swindlers, in the belief that with \$300 of good money she could come to the metropolis and buy \$3,000 of counterfeit just as good as the genuine. Inspector Byrnes's detectives saved the lady. detectives had Willard, and traced to Newark, N. J., where he met Mrs. Conrad, introducing himself by a queer symbol figure on a telegraph blank, of which each carried copies. The detectives followed the sharper and his dupe to New York, and arrested both near the New York end of the ferry. At police headquarters, when Mrs. Conrad was introduced to Inspector Byrnes last night, she at first entertained him by quoting from Holy Writ, and made the remark that she could never tell a lie. She is a woman of about forty-nine years of age. She owns a seventy-acre farm, has eight children, and has been a widow ten years. Her character is decisive, as was seen when a 38-caliber revolver was found concealed about her person. She remarked she could take care of herself. It was not till she had been locked up all night that to-day Mrs. Conrad made a clean breast of the whole case to Inspector Byrnes.

Hanged in Prison. CANON CITY, Col., Nov. 9. - Noverto Griego was executed in the State penitentiary at 6 o'clock last night for the murder of W. C. Underwood at Trinidad last June. The execution was the first one to take place under the law requiring the death sentence to be carried out within the walls

clause. The hanging was guarded so well by Warden Lampson that it was after midnight before it became known ontside the prison walls. A Scow Capsizes in Lake Michigan. MILWAUKEE, Nov. 9.-The scow R. H. Becker, loaded with cordwood, and bound to this port, capsized at 2 o'clock this morn-

of the prison and prohibiting the press

from publishing an account of it. The

State press, however, disregarded this

ing off Ahnapee, and the crew remained in the rigging, a heavy sea breaking over them, until rescued five hours later. The cook, Bernard, perished from cold, and the body was washed away. Peculiar Resalt in Kansas.

PLAN TO HELPENGLAND'S POOR

Gen. Booth's Scheme Indorsed by Leading Protestants and Catholics.

Others Think It Is Visionary, but an Attempt Will Be Made to Raise the Million Pounds Necessary to Give It a Fair Trial.

Wives of Artists Protest Against Young Models Posing for Their Husbands.

They Will Act Themselves in that Capacity, to the Chagrin of the Painters and Sculptors-How the Birchall Case Is Viewed.

GENERAL BOOTH'S SCHEME,

Though Favored by the Clergy of England, There Are Many Who Criticise It. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LONDON, Nov. 9.-Archdeacon Farrar de-

livered an earnest address this morning at

Westminster Abbey in support of the scheme of General Booth for the redemption of England's poverty-stricken masses. The announcement that the Archdescon would speak on this topic had attracted such a throng of people that after the abbey had been crowded to its utmost capacity thousands were turned away, unable to gain admission. General Booth's novel and alluring plan is now one of the chief subjects of public interest. Twenty leading clergymen of Great Britain have signed an appeal to the people to raise the \$5,000,000 which General Booth thinks would be required to successfully carry out the enterprise. Cardinal Manning and most of the Protestant bishops have indersed the plan. The Prince of Wales has written General Booth, heartily approving the scheme, eral Booth, heartily approving the scheme, which he describes as an intelligent and promising effort "to aid the people, whose welfare is near my heart." But General Booth is being met by controversy and criticism as well as approval. Many who agree with him as to the need of remedial measures believe that the help must be through legislation. Mr. Booth promises to apply his panacea without invoking the aid of Parliament. His most formidable critics contrast the enormous possibilities of useful legislation, affecting the land of the whole country, with his proposal concerning a mere garden patch of 1,000 acres. General Booth's first step, that of the city colony, is based upon experience, and is in fact the "casual ward" under a new name and with somewhat more kindly conditions and with somewhat more kindly conditions than those of the work-house. No practical person seems to think that the million pounds required for the whole work will be forthcoming. The 1,000 acres might possibly provide for four thousand workers, but what is that, it is asked, among so many? It would be but an experiment on a smaller scale than that of Robert Owen, though possibly with better assurances of success. But, it is asked, if the one-thousandacre colony is to flourish why stop there?
Seeing that within a fifty-mile radius of
London there are wide districts so very
sparsely populated, why deal with colonies
over the sea? General Booth, in the opinion of many, has made a mistake. Rural England is one of the most thinly-populated countries in Europe. Mr. DeLisle, the Tory member of Parliament for part of Leicestershire, recently said that he looked forward to the people of England being, as the result of education, happy not so much in their own country as in the colonies. Mr. Booth seems to be of the same opinion and to feel himself precluded from appeal to Parliament; but the problem with which he grapples may not be so easy of solution without governmental co-operation, as he without governmental co-operation, as he seems to believe.

YOUNG MODELS MUST GO.

Wives of London Artists Decide to Pose for Their Husbands in the Future.

LONDON, Nov. 9 .- The artists of London are about to be deprived of one of the charms of their profession. As an outcome of the late police raid on the Rabelais pictures at the Garnier collection in Pall Mail st prominent painters the wives of the rith startling results. have had a mee held yesterday after-The conclave noon. The ladies drew up a formal resolution protesting against the use of beautiful young girls for models. They declare they possers figures equally as useful for all artistic purposes, and that henceforth their husbands must use their wives instead of strangers to secure their "lines of grace and beauty." The ladies declared the introduction of young, artless girls into stu-dios was at once immodest and immoral; that an occasional adventuress posed more for the artist-personally than for his work, and that much of the domestic infelicity in artists' families arose from entangle ments begun in the studio and developed in luxurious restaurants and places o entertainment. Moreover, the business of

and housekeepers.

Then the ladies made the alarming statement that two thousand young women in London live by posing to sculptors and painters, and that the paths of wrong were marked with wrecks emanating from the artistic workshops. The artists are com pletely surprised at the stand taken by their wives. They declare it will ruin their business. They contend that matrimony does not tend to the maintenance of delicacy of outline, and then they proceed, ungallantly, to hint that after a certain number of years in wedlock there is too much flabbiness and a deterioration of shape. The women, however, are determined to carry their point, and the knights of the brush will find it difficult to return to the old methods of securing perfection in the human form divine to transform to canvas. Meanwhile all clubdom is immensely amused at the turn matters have taken, and the artistic clubbers are unmer-

the model was degrading, to put it in its

best light. Many young women found it

an easy way to receive money, and the vo-

Another distressing scandal has arisen over the Pall Mall exhibition. Every person who entered the room where the indecent canvases were hung was required to hand the doorkeeper a card. Women were supposed to have been excluded from this particular room. It transpires that among these cards, which have been saved and are to be produced in court by the vigilance committee, are the names of many women and men prominent in society. There is now no way to keep the names from the public, and when the case is brought to trial there will be an awful revelation. Clerical gentlemen, members of Parliament, lawyers, doctors, the dudes and swells who compose the "progressive element" figure in the list, and the publication of their identity will make a painful sensation.'

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Benwell's Fate Has Put an End to a Hitherto Profitable Business in England.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LONDON, Nov. 9 .- As Birchall's day of ex ecution approaches, the interest in his case increases. The movement for a commutation of sentence has received a strong support from this country, partly owing to the fact that the criminal's family is to respectably connected, and partly through the prevalent sentiment of besitation to inflict the death penalty on circumstantial evidence. The farm-premium business has re-ABILENE, Kan., Nov. 9.—The Eastern loan companies have instructed (heir agents in central Kansas to loan no more money for the present, on account of the threatening attitude of the People's party Legislature, just elected, toward investors and interest rates. A rise in interest is expected if the whole People's ticket proves to be elected.